

Link everything up, but use soft and blended boundaries as nooks and homes for insects and leave wild corners and edges wherever you can.

## Night Time "Dark Zone"

Solar & wildlife  
lighting only

Vary the height of plants and structure of flowers in your border. Avoid 'double flowered' cultivars that have little or no nectar.

Choose native species and locally sourced plants, trees and seed wherever possible.

Insect friendly flowers and climbers for scent and colour

Compost bin

Native shrubs and trees

Flowering grass and wildflowers

Lawn or turf

Gravel garden with seating

Vegetable, herb and/or salad patch or raised beds

Leave gaps in the path if you can – cracks for insects to hide in and flowers to grow through... Try and leave space for insects in any patio or decking feature

Log pile or bug hotel

Bog Garden

Shallow or pebble pond

Rockery or planted stone wall

Herbs or ornamental grasses

Ivy cover on fence or wall

Make sure any fences let insects and wildlife move under or through them with one or two hedgehog-sized holes!

Ivy is a great source of nectar and provides shelter for insects and birds.

You can find a Wildlife Trust factsheet to help create all the features in this garden.  
**Go to [www.wildlifetrusts.org/actions](http://www.wildlifetrusts.org/actions)**